

Welcome

Please fill in **ALL** areas of the enclosed packet.

IT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT TO COMPLETE ALL SECTIONS OF THIS PACKET. These government mandated forms are required before issuance ofchecks.

Please feel free to call My HR Professionals or your company in regards to any issues relating to your check.

The following are **Required Pages** that must be signed by the IC and emailed to hirepacks@myhrpros.comor faxed to My HR Professionals at (844) 224-0294.

Information Form
W-9 Form
Direct Deposit Information/Focus Card

Client Company:			
Name:	M.I.	Last Name	_
Social Security Number:			
Office Use Only:		Complete Pack Received: □] Yes □ No
Received By:	-		
Date Received:	_	Complete Pack consists of: Welcome Page Information I W-9 Form Direct Depos	Form

INFORMATION FORM

Personal Information

TO BE FILLED OUT BY INDEPENDENT	CONTRACTOR:			
Name:			Social Security Number:	
Mailing Address:				
City:State:	Zip C	ode:	County of Residence:	
Phone Number:	Cell Phone:	9		
Email Address:	Spo	rt Officiating	j:	
Date of Birth:Sex (M	/F): Race: _			
Veteran Status: 1) Vietnam Era (1961+1975 3 2) Special Disabled Veteran 4) Other	 Asian Black or African Caucasian/Whi Hispanic or Lati 	te ino n or other Pacific Islander	
	Emergenc	y Contact		
Name:				_
	Personal Ir	formation	on	
TO BE FILLED OUT BY COMPANY:				
Company Name:			Contract Date:	=======================================
Job Title:	<u></u>			
Pay Frequency: Weekly D B	i-Weekly Semi-	Monthly	Monthly	
Approved By:			Date:	

(Rev. October 2018) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

▶ Go to www.irs.gov/Form W9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line;	do not leave this line blank.		<u> </u>
	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above			
Print or type. See Specific Instructions on page 3.	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose na following seven boxes. ☐ Individual/sole proprietor or ☐ C Corporation ☐ S Corporation single-member LLC ☐ Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, Note: Check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification LLC if the LLC is classified as a single-member LLC that is disregarded another LLC that is not disregarded from the owner for U.S. federal tax is disregarded from the owner should check the appropriate box for the ☐ Other (see instructions) ► 5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions.	S=S corporation, P=Partnership) on of the single-member owner. Defrom the owner unless the owner opurposes. Otherwise, a single-mer tax classification of its owner.	Trust/estate o not check of the LLC is nber LLC that	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) (Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.) Ind address (optional)
	7 List account number(s) here (optional)			
reside entitie TIN, la Note:	your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the nap withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for its your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a	mber (SSN). However, for a r Part I, later. For other a number, see <i>How to get a</i>	or	identification number
Par	t II Certification			
Unde	penalties of perjury, I certify that:			
2. I ar Ser	e number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification nun n not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from ba vice (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a faile longer subject to backup withholding; and	ackup withholding, or (b) I have	not been not	tified by the Internal Revenue
3. I ar	n a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and			
4. The	e FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exer	mpt from FATCA reporting is c	orrect.	
you ha	ication instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been ave failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real sition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributhan interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification	estate transactions, item 2 doeutions to an individual retiremen	es not apply. É it arrangemen	For mortgage interest paid, t (IRA), and generally, payments
Sign Here		Date •		
Ge	neral Instructions			those from stocks or mutual

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

• Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)

- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding,

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued).
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester.
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details),
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships, earlier.

What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note: ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

- b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n)	THEN check the box for
Corporation	Corporation
 Individual Sole proprietorship, or Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes. 	Individual/sole proprietor or single- member LLC
 LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes. 	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation)
Partnership	Partnership
Trust/estate	Trust/estate

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities 3—

A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities

5-A corporation

- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8-A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11—A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,0001	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities C—

A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G-A real estate investment trust

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a) J—

A bank as defined in section 581

K-A broker

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester,* later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/Businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- **4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
 b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law 	The actual owner ¹
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax- exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

- ¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.
- ² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.
- ³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.
- ⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

*Note: The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- · Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing @irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at *spam @uce.gov* or report them at *www.ftc.gov/complaint*. You can contact the FTC at *www.ftc.gov/idtheft* or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see *www.ldentityTheft.gov* and Pub. 5027.

Visit www.irs.gov/ldentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent



Direct Deposit Authorization Form

Form can be email to <u>receptionist@myhrpros.com</u> or faxed to (844) 224-0294

Employee Full Name:	
Last Four Digits of Social Security Number:	Date Requested:
Company working for:	
Bank Details:	
Primary Deposit Option:	
Bank Name:	_ □ Add Deposit □ Change □ Stop Deposit
Bank Routing Number:	Bank Account Number:
What type of account is this: \square Checking \square So	avings
Deposit Method:	
\square Deposit Full Amount of Remaining E	Balance of Net Check
☐ Deposit a Fixed Amount: \$	
☐ Deposit a Percentage of Check:	%
Optional Secondary Deposit:	
Bank Name:	_ □ Add Deposit □ Change □ Stop Deposit
Bank Routing Number:	Bank Account Number:
What type of account is this: \square Checking \square So	avings
Deposit Method:	
\square Deposit Full Amount of Remaining E	Balance of Net Check
☐ Deposit a Fixed Amount: \$	
☐ Deposit a Percentage of Check:	%
made in error. I understand that adding or changing a authorized by me on this form to do so. My HR Professio inform SPMI to stop the account on this form. I understal before the direct deposit begins. I also understand that making drafts against said funds. My HR Professionals w	esit entries to my account and, if necessary, to initiate draft entries for any deposit entries percentage or amount will NOT stop all other deposits of amounts or percentages unless nals will NOT be liable for any amounts sent to current accounts in error if employee did not not that it will take up to one (1) pay period to set up and verify the routing for this procedure it is my responsibility to verify that the funds are in my account prior to writing checks or rill NOT be liable for any charges or fees related to returned items. I have attached required to the My HR Professionals will NOT set up a direct deposit until required documents are received.
Signature Required	 Today's Date

Required

Attach Voided Check(s)





With the U.S. Bank Focus Card™ Your Funds Are:



Immediately loaded to your card on payday



Available to use right away



Protected if lost or stolen¹

About the Focus Card

It is a Visa® prepaid debit card that is a convenient alternative to receiving paper checks. Your payments will automatically be direct deposited to your card each payday. You have access to your funds right away and you can use it to make purchases or get cash wherever Visa debit cards are accepted. It's that simple!

MAKE PURCHASES | RELOAD | GET CASH PAY BILLS | TRACK SPENDING

Getting Started is Easy

- 1. Sign up today.
- 2. Your pay will be automatically deposited to your card. Go online to check your balance.
- **3.** Use your card anywhere Visa debit cards are accepted!

Sign Up!



No cost to sign up.



No credit check or bank account required.²

And Save!



Keep more of your money. No fees to cash a paycheck.



No waiting for your paycheck or extra trips to the bank.

This card is offered through My HR Professionals as a safe alternative to paper checks. We can offer same day deposits as your check date for the Focus Card. We cannot guarantee this on other cards.

² Successful identity verification required. To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, Federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. If necessary, we may also ask to see your driver's license or other identifying documents.



¹ The Visa Zero Liability Policy protects you against unauthorized purchases. U.S.-issued cards only. This does not apply to ATM transactions or to PIN transactions not processed by Visa. You must immediately report any unauthorized use.



Getting Started



For security, your card comes in a plain white windowed envelope.



Follow the activation instructions that accompany your card.



Make Purchases

Everywhere Visa debit cards are accepted - in stores, over the phone, online or pay bills.



Load and Reload

Your card stays with you. Add other employers, government benefits, tax refunds or any other payment that offers direct deposit.



Get Cash³

ATM | Teller | Cash Back

Features



Cash Back Rewards

For purchases at certain retail and restaurant locations.



Savings Account

Create an interest-bearing savings account without ever going to a bank.



Cash Reload Networks⁵

In addition to payroll deposits, there are a variety of ways to add cash to your Focus Card account.



Text and Email Alerts⁴

Instant notification when money is added or your card balance gets low.



Mobile Banking App⁴

Quickly see your account balance and transaction history.



Track Spending

Online | Phone | Email | Text⁴ | Mobile App

Use your Focus Card Free and Clear

Purchases	Free & Unlimited
Teller Cash Withdrawal	Free & Unlimited
In-Network ATMs	Free & Unlimited
Customer Service	Free & Unlimited
Monthly Account Maintenance	Free & Unlimited

Some fees may apply. A complete fee schedule will be included in your card packet.

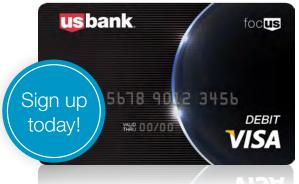
The Focus Card is issued by U.S. Bank National Association pursuant to a license from Visa U.S.A. Inc. Member FDIC. © 2014 U.S. Bank.

³ Fees may apply to ATM transactions.

⁴ U.S. Bank does not charge a fee for mobile banking. Standard messaging and

⁵Businesses performing your reload may charge a fee. Cash reload services are provided by unaffiliated third parties. U.S. Bank is not responsible for the product service or performance of the third party including the privacy policy, level of security and terms of use, which are different from ours.

Focus Card ENROLLMENT FORM



issued Card #:	VIDA
First Name:	
Last Name:	
Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip Code:	
Phone Number:	
Social Security Number:	
Date of Birth:	
Email Address:	
Important Information About Procedures For Opening A New Accourmant To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. Whe will ask for your name, address, date of birth, and other information that will allow us to license or other identifying documents. I hereby authorize my employer to initiate credit entries (deposits) and to initiate, if new entries in error to my Focus Card. This authorization will remain in effect until cancelled.	s, Federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, at this means for you: when you open an account, we o identify you. We may also ask to see your driver's cessary, debit entries and adjustments for any credit
Signature:	
Date:	

This card is offered though My HR Professionals as a safe alternative to paper checks. We can offer same day reports as your check date for the Focus Card. We cannot guarantee this on other cards.



U.S. Bank Focus Card Pre-Acquisition Disclosure Program Number: 87265214 POD

You have options as to how you receive your payments, including direct deposit to your bank account or this prepaid card. Ask your employer for available options and select your option.

Per purchase ATM withdrawal \$0 in-network \$1.75 out-of-network Monthly fee Cash reload \$5.95* \$0

ATM Balance Inquiry (in-network or out-of-network)	\$0
Customer Service (automated or live agent)	\$0 per call
Inactivity (after 365 days with no transactions)	\$2.00* per month

We charge 3 other types of fees.

See the accompanying Fee Schedule for free ways to access your funds and balance information.

No overdraft/credit feature.

Your funds are eligible for FDIC insurance.

For general information about prepaid accounts, visit cfpb.gov/prepaid. Find details and conditions for all fees and services inside the card package or call 1-877-474-0010 or visit usbankfocus.com.

^{*}This fee can be lower or charged differently depending on how and where this card is used and your state of employment or residence.

All food	Amount	Detaile
All fees	Amount	Details
Add money Check Reload	5% or \$5.00 minimum	This is not our fee and is subject to change. Fee of up to 5% of check value may apply when cashing a check to load your card at Ingo Money. Money in Minutes - 2% (pre-printed payroll or gov't checks) or 5% (all other checks), minimum \$5.00. Money in 10 Days - no fee. Fee is deducted from check value. Go to <i>ingomoney.com</i> for more information.
Cash Reload – Visa Readylink	Varies by retailer	Third party fee may apply when reloading your card at a Visa Readylink network. Fee is paid to third party at the time of reload. Go to usa.visa.com/pay-with-visa/cards/services-locator.html for locations.
Cash Reload - GreenDot [®]	\$5.95	This is not our fee and is subject to change. Fee of up to \$5.95 may apply when reloading your card at GreenDot. Fee is paid to third party at the time of reload. Go to greendot.com for more information.
Get cash		
ATM Withdrawal (in- network)	\$0	This is our fee per withdrawal. "In-network" refers to the U.S. Bank or MoneyPass® ATM networks. Locations can be found at <u>usbank.com/locations</u> or <u>moneypass.com/atm-locator.html</u> .
ATM Withdrawal(out-of- network)	\$1.75	This is our fee per withdrawal. "Out-of-network" refers to all the ATMs outside of the U.S. Bank or MoneyPass ATM networks. You may also be charged a fee by the ATM operator even if you do not complete a transaction.
Teller Cash Withdrawal	\$0	This is our fee for when you withdraw cash from your card from a teller at a bank or credit union that accepts Visa®.
Using your card outside the U.S.		
International Transaction	3%	This is our fee which applies when you use your card for purchases at foreign merchants and for cash withdrawals from foreign ATMs and is a percentage of the transaction dollar amount, after any currency conversion. Some transactions, even if you and/or the merchant or ATM are located in the United States, are considered foreign transactions under the applicable network rules, and we do not control how these merchants, ATMs and transactions are classified for this purpose. For Connecticut, Illinois, New York, and Pennsylvania workers, all international purchase fees are waived.
International ATM Withdrawal	\$3.00	This is our fee per withdrawal. You may also be charged a fee by the ATM operator even if you do not complete a transaction.
Other		
Card Replacement	\$5.00	This is our fee per replacement of your card, whether mailed to you with standard delivery (up to 10 business days) or provided to you by your employer/sponsor. This fee is waived for your first card replacement in a 12-month period. This fee will be charged for each additional

		replacement during the same 12 months. For Connecticut, Hawaii and Pennsylvania workers, this fee is waived.
Card Replacement Expedited Delivery	\$10.00	This is our fee for expedited delivery (up to 3 business days) charged in addition to any Card Replacement fee.
Card Replacement Overnight Delivery	\$20.00	This is our fee for overnight delivery charged in addition to any Card Replacement fee.
Inactivity	\$2.00	This is our fee charged each month after you have not completed a transaction using your card for 365 consecutive days. For Connecticut, Illinois, and Pennsylvania workers, this fee will be waived for the first 12 months of inactivity (based on cardholder-initiated balance changing transactions). For Texas residents, this fee will not be charged after one year of inactivity. For Minnesota, New York and Montana workers this fee is waived. For Hawaii workers, accounts with a balance of \$0.00 and no activity for more than 6 months may be closed.
Other Third-Party Fees	Varies by provider	Some third-party service providers like person-to-person payment services or mobile wallet providers may charge you a fee for using your card to make payments.

Your funds are eligible for FDIC insurance up to \$250,000. FDIC insurance protects deposits from loss due to bank insolvency. See *fdic.gov/deposit/deposits/prepaid.html* for details.

No overdraft/credit feature.

Contact Cardholder Services by calling **1-877-474-0010**, by mail at P.O. Box 551617, Jacksonville, FL 32255 or visit *usbankfocus.com*.

For general information about prepaid accounts, visit <u>cfpb.gov/prepaid</u>. If you have a complaint about a prepaid account, call the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau at 1-855-411-2372 or visit <u>cfpb.gov/complaint</u>.

Important information: Fee waivers for workers of a particular state are applied based on information from the sponsoring employer regarding your state of employment.

CR-49798001

EMPLOYEE SELF SERVICE PORTAL



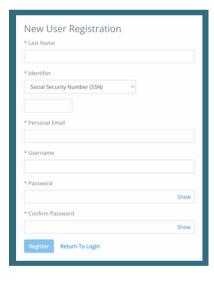
Access your personal information online 24/7!



Step 1: Navigate to www.myHRprofessionals.com/ESS

Step 2: For a New User, click "Register"

Note: If you work for two or more companies whose payroll is processed by My HR Pros, you must have an account for each employer. Please contact My HR Pros for assistance in setting up your access.



Step 3: Complete the "**User Registration**" page with your information

Your Password Must:

- Be at least 8 characters long
- Contain at least 1 uppercase letter
- Contain at least 1 lowercase letter

If you have any questions or concerns regarding the Employee Self Service Portal, please contact My HR Pros at (800) 940-8706 or by email support@myhrpros.com.

Now available in:



Search for "My HR Pros" in your app store & have the Employee Self Service Portal at your fingertips 24/7!